

Lecture 5: Quasi-coherent sheaves

Addendum to §3,4

Proposition (Universal properties of $\text{Anim}^{nc}(\mathcal{E})$)

\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{D} additive algebraic categories

$$F: \text{Anim}(\mathcal{E}) \rightarrow \text{Anim}(\mathcal{D})$$

- 1) If F commutes with Ω then it extends uniquely to a functor

$$F^{nc}: \text{Anim}^{nc}(\mathcal{E}) \rightarrow \text{Anim}^{nc}(\mathcal{D})$$

such that $\Omega^{\infty-n} \circ F^{nc} \cong F \circ \Omega^{\infty-n} \quad \forall n \geq 0$

Informally $(X_0, X_1, \dots) \mapsto (F(X_0), F(X_1), \dots)$

- 2) If F ^{cohomit-preserving} commutes with Σ then it extends uniquely to a functor ^(cohomit-preserving)

$$F^{nc}: \text{Anim}^{nc}(\mathcal{E}) \rightarrow \text{Anim}^{nc}(\mathcal{D})$$

such that $F^{nc} \circ \Sigma^{\infty-n} \cong \Sigma^{\infty-n} \circ F \quad \forall n \geq 0$
 where $\Sigma^{\infty-n}: \text{Anim}(\mathcal{E}) \rightarrow \text{Anim}^{nc}(\mathcal{E})$ is left adjoint to $\Omega^{\infty-n}$.

$$\Sigma_1^{\infty}: \text{Anim}(\mathcal{E}) \rightarrow \text{Anim}^{nc}(\mathcal{E})$$

$\Rightarrow F^{nc}$ preserves connective objects

Proof 1)
$$\begin{array}{ccccc} \text{Anim}^{\text{nc}}(\mathcal{C}) & \rightarrow & \cdot & \rightarrow & \text{Anim}(\mathcal{C}) \xrightarrow{\Omega} \text{Anim}(\mathcal{C}) \\ \downarrow F^{\text{nc}} & & & & \downarrow F \\ \text{Anim}^{\text{nc}}(\mathcal{D}) & \rightarrow & \cdot & \rightarrow & \text{Anim}(\mathcal{D}) \xrightarrow{\Omega} \text{Anim}(\mathcal{D}) \end{array}$$

2) Dually one can prove:

$$\text{Anim}(\mathcal{C}) \xrightarrow{\Sigma} \text{Anim}(\mathcal{C}) \xrightarrow{\xi} \text{Anim}(\mathcal{C}) \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow \text{Anim}^{\text{nc}}(\mathcal{C})$$

colimit in the ∞ -category of presentable ∞ -categories
and colimit-limit preserving functors

$$\left(\text{Pr}^{\text{L}} \simeq (\text{Pr}^{\text{R}})^{\text{op}} \quad \text{limit-preserving functor} \right)$$

$$\text{Pr}^{\text{R}} \rightarrow \widehat{\text{Cat}}_{\infty}$$

Example: $\phi: A \rightarrow B$ ring homo.

$$\Rightarrow \mathbb{L}\phi^{\text{R}}: \mathcal{D}(A) \rightarrow \mathcal{D}(B) \quad \text{which restricts to}$$

$$\mathbb{L}\phi^{\text{R}}: \mathcal{D}(A)_{\geq 0} \rightarrow \mathcal{D}(B)_{\geq 0}$$

and $\phi_{\#}: \mathcal{D}(B) \rightarrow \mathcal{D}(A)$ which restricts to

$$\phi_{\#}: \mathcal{D}(B)_{\geq 0} \rightarrow \mathcal{D}(A)_{\geq 0}.$$

5.1 Descent for animated modules

Reminder: Zariski topology on $\mathbb{C}\text{Ring}^{\text{op}}$ is the Grothendieck topology generated by families

$$(A \xrightarrow{\phi_i} A_i)_i$$

where ϕ_i : flat epimorphism $(A_i \otimes_A A_i \xrightarrow{\sim} A_i)$ of finite pres. such that $A \rightarrow \prod_i A_i$ is faithfully flat.

- Equivalently: finite families $(A \rightarrow A(f_i))_i$ where $f_i \in A$ jointly generate the unit ideal of A
- Under the equivalence $\mathbb{C}\text{Ring}^{\text{op}} \simeq \text{Sch}^{\text{aff}}$ this is the big affine Zariski site.

Theorem: The functors

$$D_{\geq 0}, D: \mathbb{C}\text{Ring} \rightarrow \infty\text{-Cat}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A &\mapsto D(A)_{\geq 0}, \phi \mapsto L\phi^* \\ A &\mapsto D(A), \phi \mapsto L\phi^* \end{aligned}$$

satisfy Zariski descent.

- In particular for every family $(A \rightarrow A_i)$, generating a Zar covering sieve, there is a limit diagram

$$D(A) \rightarrow \prod_i D(A_i) \rightrightarrows \prod_{i,j} D(A_i \otimes_A A_j) \rightrightarrows \dots$$

in the ∞ -category of \mathcal{A} -categories

5.2. Quasi-coherent sheaves on affine schemes

► Theorem: $X = \text{Spec}(A)$ affine scheme
 There exists a unique Zariski sheaf of ∞ -categories on the small Zariski site X_{Zar}

$$\mathcal{D} : (X_{\text{Zar}})^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \infty\text{-Cat}$$

whose values on elementary opens $U(f)$ are $\mathcal{D}(U(f)) \simeq \mathcal{D}(A[f^{-1}])$
 Moreover: any affine open $U = \text{Spec}(B) \subseteq X$

$$\mathcal{D}(U) \simeq \mathcal{D}(B).$$

Remark: $\Rightarrow \exists! \mathcal{O}_X \in \mathcal{D}(X)$ whose restriction to any $U(f) \subseteq X$ is $A[f^{-1}] \in \mathcal{D}(A[f^{-1}]) \simeq \mathcal{D}(U(f))$.

This is the structure sheaf of X .
 (Happens to be discrete)

Proof of Thm from §5.1.

Claim $\mathcal{D} : (\text{Sch}^{\text{aff}})^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \infty\text{-Cat}$, $\text{Spec}(A) \mapsto \mathcal{D}(A)$
 is a Zar sheaf

$\forall X \in \text{Sch}^{\text{aff}}$ $(U_\alpha \rightarrow X)_\alpha$ Zar. covering in Sch^{aff}

$$\mathcal{D}(X) \xrightarrow{\sim} \text{Tot}(\mathcal{D}(\check{C}(U_\alpha/X)_\bullet)) \text{ equivalence.}$$

Note: U_α are all affine, so this is a special case of the previous theorem. ~~☹~~

Remark. Descent for D follows from $D_{\geq 0}$
 \uparrow limit of $D_{\geq 0}$'s

The sheaf condition only involves limits
 Limits commute with limits.

Lemma (fpqc conservativity).

$(\phi_\alpha: A \rightarrow B_\alpha)_\alpha$ finite family of flat ring homos
 such that $A \rightarrow B := \prod_\alpha B_\alpha$ is faithfully flat

Then the family of functors $\phi_\alpha^*: D(A)_{\geq 0} \rightarrow D(B_\alpha)_{\geq 0}$
 is jointly conservative

Proof

• Note $D(B)_{\geq 0} \simeq \prod_\alpha D(B_\alpha)_{\geq 0}$
 Therefore we may as well assume that the family
 consists of a single faithfully flat map $\phi: A \rightarrow B$.

• Claim: $\phi^*(M) \simeq 0 \rightarrow M \simeq 0$ ($M \in D(A)_{\geq 0}$)

• Note. $M \simeq 0 \Leftrightarrow \pi_i(M) = 0 \quad \forall i \geq 0$
 ($M \mapsto M^0$ is conservative)
 $\Leftrightarrow \pi_i(M) \otimes_A B \simeq 0 \quad \forall i$ ($A \rightarrow B$ faithfully flat)

$\Leftrightarrow \pi_i(M \otimes_A^L B) \simeq 0 \quad \forall i$ (because $A \rightarrow B$ flat)

$\Leftrightarrow L\phi^*(M) = M \otimes_A^L B \simeq 0. \quad \square$

► Proof of Thm (§5.2)

Apply last lecture suff to show

- Claim: $U, V \subseteq X$ affine opens s.t. $U \cup V$ affine

Then

$$\begin{array}{ccc} D(U \cup V)_{\mathbb{Z}_0} & \longrightarrow & D(U)_{\mathbb{Z}_0} \\ \downarrow & \lrcorner & \downarrow \\ D(V)_{\mathbb{Z}_0} & \longrightarrow & D(U \cap V)_{\mathbb{Z}_0} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{Cartesian square} \\ \text{of } \mathcal{A}\text{-categories.} \end{array}$$

(Take $\mathcal{U}_{\text{aff}}(X) \subseteq \mathcal{U}(X)$ affine opens.

This is an \mathcal{A} -closed basis since X affine.)

- WLOG: $X = U \cup V$.

- $A := \Gamma(X, \mathcal{O}_X) \quad A_1 = \Gamma(U, \mathcal{O}_U) \quad A_2 = \Gamma(V, \mathcal{O}_V)$
 $A_{12} = \Gamma(U \cap V, \mathcal{O}_{U \cap V})$

want: $F: D(A)_{\mathbb{Z}_0} \xrightarrow{\sim} D(A_1)_{\mathbb{Z}_0} \times_{D(A_{12})_{\mathbb{Z}_0}} D(A_2)_{\mathbb{Z}_0}$

$G: D(A_1)_{\mathbb{Z}_0} \times_{D(A_{12})_{\mathbb{Z}_0}} D(A_2)_{\mathbb{Z}_0} \longrightarrow D(A)_{\mathbb{Z}_0}$ right adjoint

$$\begin{array}{ccc} (M_1, M_2, M_1 \otimes_{A_{12}} M_2) & \longmapsto & M_1 \times_{M_{12}} M_2 \\ \uparrow \quad \uparrow & & \\ D(A_1)_{\mathbb{Z}_0} \quad D(A_2)_{\mathbb{Z}_0} & & \end{array}$$

(check unit: $\text{id} \xrightarrow{\sim} GF$)

$\forall M \in D(A)_{\mathbb{Z}_0} \quad M \xrightarrow{\sim} M_1 \times_M M_2 \quad M_2 := M \otimes_A A_2$

Apply fpqc conservativity: (derived) extension
of scalars along $A \rightarrow A_1, A \rightarrow A_2$ is jointly
conservative. $(A \rightarrow A_1, A \rightarrow A_2)$ is a fin. family
of flat homos. jointly faithfully flat

Want: $M \otimes_A A_i \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} M_1 \times M_2 \\ M_2 \end{pmatrix} \otimes_A A_i \quad \text{iso } \forall i \in \{1, 2\}$

$$\cong (M_1 \otimes_A A_i) \times_{(M_2 \otimes_A A_i)} (M_2 \otimes_A A_i)$$

wlog $i=1$

$$\cong (M \otimes_A A_1 \otimes_A A_1) \times (M \otimes_A A_2 \otimes_A A_1)$$

$$A_1 \otimes_A A_1 \cong A_1$$

$$A_2 \cong A_1 \otimes_A A_2$$

$$\cong \begin{pmatrix} M \otimes_A A_1 \\ A \end{pmatrix} \otimes_A A_1 \cong A_1 \otimes_A A_2$$

Now it suffices to show G is conservative
Left as exercise. \square

\Rightarrow Right Kan extension along $\text{Mat}(X) \in \mathcal{U}(X)$
 \rightsquigarrow sheaf on X

5.3. Quasi-coherent sheaves on schemes

Theorem: 1) There is a unique Zar sheaf

$$D: (\text{Sch})^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \infty\text{-Cat}$$

which extends $D: (\text{Sch}^{\text{aff}})^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \infty\text{-Cat}$

- Recall: Sch big Zariski site
 topology generated by $(U_i \rightarrow X)$; $\coprod U_i \rightarrow X$ open immersions jointly surj

a) Moreover $D(X) \simeq \lim_{\leftarrow (S, S \rightarrow X)} D(A)$ $X \in \text{Sch}$
 over pairs $(S, S \rightarrow X)$ where S affine and $S \rightarrow X$ is a morphism
 $\text{Spec}(A)$

Proof: • There is an equivalence

$$\text{Shv}_{\text{Zar}}^{\mathcal{V}}(\text{Sch}) \xrightarrow{\sim} \text{Shv}_{\text{Zar}}^{\mathcal{V}}(\text{Sch}^{\text{aff}}) \quad \mathcal{V}\infty\text{-cat with limits}$$

$\text{Sch}^{\text{aff}} \subseteq \text{Sch}^{\text{sep}}$ and $\text{Sch}^{\text{sep}} \subseteq \text{Sch}$ are bases which are \mathcal{A} -closed.

• $D = \text{RKE}$ of $D: (\text{Sch}^{\text{aff}})^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \infty\text{-Cat}$ □

Remark: No analogue for triangulated categories.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{hD} \cdot (\text{Sch})^{\text{op}} & \rightarrow & \text{TriCat} \rightarrow \text{Cat} \\ X & \mapsto & \text{hD}(X) \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{do not satisfy} \\ \text{descent.} \end{array}$$

$$D(\mathbb{P}^1) \simeq \underset{D(\mathbb{A}^1 - 0)}{D(\mathbb{A}^1)} \times D(\mathbb{A}^1) \quad \text{fails at hD level.}$$

Cor. $X \in \text{Sch}$ $(X_{\text{zar}})^{\text{op}} \xrightarrow{D} \infty\text{-Cat}$ is Zar sheaf.

Proof by restriction. \square

Proposition $X \in \text{Sch}$ The Zariski sheaf $D: (X_{\text{zar}})^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \infty\text{-Cat}$ is the right Kan extension of its restriction to $\text{Aff}(X)$

$$\text{In particular: } \forall U \subseteq X \text{ open} \quad D(U) \xrightarrow{\simeq} \varinjlim_{\substack{V \subseteq U \\ \text{aff opens}}} D(V)$$

\Rightarrow D is the unique Zar sheaf on X_{zar} whose values on affine opens $U = \text{Spec}(A) \subseteq X$ are $D(U) \simeq D(A)$

Proof: $\mathcal{U}_{\text{sep}}(X) \subseteq \mathcal{U}(X)$ separated opens form a λ -closed basis
 $\text{Aff}(X) \subseteq \mathcal{U}_{\text{sep}}(X)$ form a λ -closed basis

Def • A quasi-coherent complex on a scheme X
is an object $\mathcal{F} \in D(X)$

• A quasi-coherent animated sheaf / connective qcoh. complex
on X is an object ~~$\mathcal{F} \in D(X)$~~ $\mathcal{F} \in D(X)_{\geq 0}$

Ex. • $X = \text{Spec}(A)$ affine $D(X) = D(A)$

• X scheme $D(X) \simeq \varinjlim_{U \subseteq X} D(U)$ U affine opens

A qcoh complex on X amounts to:

• $\forall U = \text{Spec}(A) \in X$ a nonconn. animated A -module
 $\mathcal{F}_U \in D(U) \simeq D(A)$

• $\forall V \subseteq U \subseteq X$ inclusion of affine opens
an isom $\mathcal{F}_U|_V \simeq \mathcal{F}_V$.

• homotopy coherent system of compatibilities
between these isos.

$\mathcal{F} \in D(X)$ is connective $\Leftrightarrow \forall U \subseteq X$ affine open $\text{Spec}(A)$
 $\Gamma(U, \mathcal{F}) \in D(A)$ is a connective
animated module
($\in D(A)_{\geq 0}$).

$\mathcal{F} \in D(X)^\heartsuit$ discrete $\Leftrightarrow \forall U = \text{Spec}(A) \in X$
 $\Gamma(U, \mathcal{F}) \in D(A)$ is discrete

Cor. • $X \mapsto D(X)^\heartsuit$ Zariski sheaf of categories
determined by $D(\text{Spec}(A))^\heartsuit \simeq \text{Mod } A$
 $\forall A \in \text{Cring}$

• $\Rightarrow D(X)^{\vee} \simeq \mathcal{Q}\text{CoL}(X) = \text{ab. cat of gen } \mathcal{O}_X\text{-modules}$

Rule $D(X)$ is a stable ∞ -cat $\forall X \in \text{Sch}$

(Limits of stable ∞ -cats are stable).

$D(X)_{\geq 0}$ prestable